



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>Heavy Duty Corrosion Inhibitor</b>	
<b>Other means of identification</b>		
<b>Product code</b>	76026	
<b>Recommended use</b>	Corrosion inhibitor	
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	None known.	
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>		
<b>Manufactured or sold by:</b>		
<b>Company name</b>	CRC Canada Co.	
<b>Address</b>	2-1246 Lorimar Dr. Mississauga, Ontario L5S 1R2 Canada	
<b>Telephone</b>	905-670-2291	
<b>Website</b>	www.crc-canada.ca	
<b>E-mail</b>	Support.CA@crcindustries.com	
<b>Emergency phone number</b>	24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC)	800-424-9300 (Canada) 703-527-3887 (International)

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
	Physical hazards not otherwise classified	Category 1
<b>Health hazards</b>	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Reproductive toxicity (fertility)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1 (central nervous system)
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2

### Label elements



**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility. Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Precautionary statement

### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

### Response

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources. Collect spillage.

### Storage

Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Other hazards

None known.

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## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
liquefied petroleum gas		68476-86-8	20 - 30
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	10 - 20
stoddard solvent		8052-41-3	10 - 20
2-methylpentane		107-83-5	5 - 10
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-47-8	5 - 10
dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether		34590-94-8	3 - 5
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy		64742-48-9	1 - 3
n-hexane		110-54-3	1 - 3
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic		64742-54-7	< 1
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic		64742-55-8	< 1
petrolatum, micro soft wax		8009-03-8	< 1

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

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## 4. First-aid measures

### Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

### Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

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## 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media** Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters** Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

**Fire fighting equipment/instructions** In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

**Specific methods** Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

**General fire hazards** Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

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## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. Prevent product from entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

**Environmental precautions** Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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## 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Level 3 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection****Occupational exposure limits****ACGIH****Components****Type****Value****Form**

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)

TWA

5 mg/m3

Inhalable fraction

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values****Components****Type****Value****Form**

2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)

STEL

1000 ppm

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)

TWA

500 ppm

STEL

150 ppm

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)

TWA

100 ppm

TWA

5 mg/m3

Inhalable fraction.

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)

TWA

5 mg/m3

Inhalable fraction.

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

TWA

50 ppm

petrolatum, micro soft wax (CAS 8009-03-8)

TWA

5 mg/m3

Inhalable fraction.

stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

TWA

100 ppm

**Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)****Components****Type****Value****Form**

2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)

STEL

3500 mg/m3

TWA

1000 ppm  
1760 mg/m3  
500 ppm

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)

STEL

909 mg/m3

TWA

150 ppm  
606 mg/m3  
100 ppm

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

TWA

200 mg/m3

Vapor.

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)

STEL

10 mg/m3

Mist.

TWA

5 mg/m3

Mist.

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

TWA

1590 mg/m3

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

TWA

400 ppm  
1590 mg/m3

400 ppm

**Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	176 mg/m3 50 ppm	
petrolatum, micro soft wax (CAS 8009-03-8)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	572 mg/m3 100 ppm	

**Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	TWA	200 ppm	
dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	STEL	150 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)	TWA	100 ppm	
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Mist.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Mist.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	STEL	580 mg/m3	
	TWA	290 mg/m3	

**Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
petrolatum, micro soft wax (CAS 8009-03-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	100 ppm	

**Canada - Ontario**

Components	Type	Value	Form
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	

**Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	

**Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	500 ppm	
	STEL	150 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)	TWA	100 ppm	Inhalable fraction.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-48-9)	TWA	525 mg/m3	
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	100 ppm	

**Canada - Quebec**

Components	Type	Value	Form
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	

**Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	STEL	3500 mg/m3	
dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	1000 ppm	
	TWA	1760 mg/m3	
	STEL	500 ppm 909 mg/m3	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TWA	150 ppm	Mist.
	STEL	606 mg/m3 100 ppm 10 mg/m3	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	1590 mg/m3	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	400 ppm	
	TWA	1590 mg/m3	
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	400 ppm	
	TWA	176 mg/m3	
petrolatum, micro soft wax (CAS 8009-03-8)	TWA	50 ppm	
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	525 mg/m3	
	TWA	100 ppm	

**Biological limit values**

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedione, without hydrolysis	Urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

## Exposure guidelines

### Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

### Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

### Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

### Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

### Canada - Quebec OELs: Skin designation

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

### Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

### US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

### Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower should be available when handling this product.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** Wear protective gloves such as: Neoprene. Nitrile.

**Other** Wear suitable protective clothing.

**Respiratory protection** If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

### General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

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## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Aerosol.
<b>Color</b>	Dark amber.
<b>Odor</b>	Petroleum.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	-244.7 °F (-153.7 °C) estimated

<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	118.4 °F (48 °C) estimated
<b>Flash point</b>	< 0 °F (< -17.8 °C) Tag Closed Cup
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Fast.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	0.7 % estimated
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	14 % estimated
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	1451.5 hPa estimated
<b>Vapor density</b>	> 1 (air = 1)
<b>Relative density</b>	0.72 estimated
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Negligible.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	404.6 °F (207 °C) estimated
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Percent volatile</b>	79.2 % estimated
<b>VOC (Weight %)</b>	28.4 % estimated 28.4 % Switzerland estimated

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## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Heat. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Carbon oxides.

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## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**      Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity**      May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

<b>Components</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Test Results</b>
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dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)

**Acute**

**Dermal**

LD50	Rabbit	9510 mg/kg
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Components	Species	Test Results
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	552 ppm
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	5135 mg/kg
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 15000 mg/kg
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	> 5.2 mg/l, 4 hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg, 2.5 hours
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	> 5 mg/l
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	61 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	61 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 25 ml/kg
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 1300 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	< 48000 ppm, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	15840 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 3000 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	> 5500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

### Carcinogenicity

#### ACGIH Carcinogens

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
petrolatum, micro soft wax (CAS 8009-03-8)	A2 Suspected human carcinogen. A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

#### Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
petrolatum, micro soft wax (CAS 8009-03-8)	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Suspected human carcinogen.

#### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Suspected of damaging fertility.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## 12. Ecological information

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
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Components	Species	Test Results	
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours

Components	Species	Test Results
dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia > 5000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 10000 mg/l, 96 hours
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) > 10000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 45 mg/l, 96 hours
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex) 2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
		8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia 1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish 1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

2-methylpentane	3.74
n-hexane	3.9
stoddard solvent	3.16 - 7.15

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF)**

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10 - 25000
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**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

**13. Disposal considerations**

**Disposal of waste from residues / unused products** Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Empty container can be recycled. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Contaminated packaging** Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

**14. Transport information**

**TDG**

**UN number** UN1950

**UN proper shipping name** AEROSOLS, flammable, Limited Quantity  
**Transport hazard class(es)**  
**Class** 2.1  
**Subsidiary risk** -  
**Packing group** Not applicable.  
**Environmental hazards** Not available.  
**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.  
**Special provisions** 80

#### IATA

**UN number** UN1950  
**UN proper shipping name** Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity  
**Transport hazard class(es)**  
**Class** 2.1  
**Subsidiary risk** -  
**Packing group** Not applicable.  
**Environmental hazards** No.  
**ERG Code** 10L  
**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.  
**Other information**  
**Passenger and cargo aircraft** Allowed with restrictions.  
**Cargo aircraft only** Allowed with restrictions.

#### IMDG

**UN number** UN1950  
**UN proper shipping name** AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity  
**Transport hazard class(es)**  
**Class** 2  
**Subsidiary risk** -  
**Packing group** Not applicable.  
**Environmental hazards**  
**Marine pollutant** No.  
**EmS** Not available.  
**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.  
**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not established.

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## 15. Regulatory information

### Canadian regulations

#### Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

#### Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

#### Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

#### Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

### International regulations

#### Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

#### Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

#### Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

**Basel Convention**

Not applicable.

**International Inventories**

<b>Country(s) or region</b>	<b>Inventory name</b>	<b>On inventory (yes/no)*</b>
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

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**16. Other information**

**Issue date** 10-14-2016

**Version #** 01

**Further information** CRC # 522G-H

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